



Seam and RESTEasy:

*You haven't seen **REST** yet*

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Agenda

- ▶ **REST principles**
- ▶ **JAX-RS and RESTEasy**
- ▶ **Seam RESTEasy integration**
- ▶ **Demo**

Abusing HTTP





REST to the rescue

Web Service

REST, spelled out

REpresentational State Transfer

Staying grounded with REST

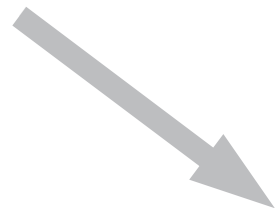
- ▶ **Simple**
- ▶ **Lightweight**
- ▶ **High performance**

Core ingredients of the Web

- ▶ **HTTP application protocol**
- ▶ **URI naming standard**
- ▶ **XML markup language**
(and alternatives)



Every web site is a service



A tale of two webs

Browsable web



Programmable web



Enabling automation



RESTful architectural principles

- **Addressable resources**
- **Uniformed, constrained interface**
 - GET, PUT, DELETE, POST
- **Representation-oriented**
 - multiple formats
- **Stateless communication**

Addressable resources



➤ **URI for every resource in system**

➤ **Resource reachable by unique ID**

```
http://socialize.com/services/mojavelinux/status/311
```

➤ **Provides scoping information**

- Query string used to narrow result set

➤ **Stepping stones**

- Makes it possible to link (linkability)
- Allows disparate applications to interact

Uniformed, constrained interface

- **Protocol method == operation**
 - 4 HTTP methods: *GET, PUT, DELETE, POST*
- **An architecture based on 4 methods?**
 - SQL (SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE)
 - JMS (send, receive)

HTTP methods

- ▶ **GET - read only, idempotent and safe**
- ▶ **PUT - insert or update, idempotent**
- ▶ **DELETE - remove services, idempotent**
- ▶ **POST - *NOT* idempotent *NOR* unsafe**
 - constraints are relaxed for flexibility

Representation-oriented



Data has representation

- Negotiated between client and server



HTTP was designed for this purpose

- Content-Type header (MIME type)
- Accept* headers

Stateless communication

➤ More scalable

- GET lends itself well to caching

➤ Client maintains state

➤ Takes burden off server

Respect the medium



Request

- HTTP method
- URI
- Request headers
- Entity body



Response

- HTTP response code
- Response headers
- Entity body

What do you need to REST?

- ▶ **HTTP client** (browser, bot, smart phone)
- ▶ **HTTP server that speaks REST**



JAX-RS

JSR-311: JAX-RS



▶ **Java APIs for developing Web Services following the REST architectural style**

▶ **Goals:**

- POJO-based (annotations)
- HTTP-centric
- Format independent (MIME type)
- Container independent
- Inclusion in Java EE 5+

Our first REST resource

<http://socialize.com/services/timeline>

Our first JAX-RS resource

```
@Path("/timeline")
public class TimelineService {

    @GET
    public String getUpdates() {
        return "<updates><update>...</update></updates>";
    }

}
```

How it works

- **REST servlet handles GET request**
- **Instance of TimelineService is created**
- **@GET method called**
- **Return value sent as response**
- **Resource instance thrown away**

JAX-RS component model is intentionally simple!

Throttling the response

```
http://socialize.com/services/timeline?count=25
```

Accepting a query parameter

```
@Path("/timeline")
public class TimelineService {

    @GET
    public String getUpdates(@QueryParam("count")
        @DefaultValue("50") int count) {
        ...
    }
}
```

<http://socialize.com/services/timeline> ↓

<http://socialize.com/services/timeline?count=50>

Parameter types

- ▶ **@QueryParam – Query string**
- ▶ **@HeaderParam – HTTP header**
- ▶ **@CookieParam – HTTP cookie**
- ▶ **@FormParam – Form input**
- ▶ **@PathParam – URI path**

Stepping into a sub-resource

<http://socialize.com/services/timeline/mojavelinux>

Mapping a path parameter

```
@Path("/timeline")
public class TimelineService {

    @GET
    @Path("/{user}")
    public String getUpdates(@PathParam("user") String u) {
        ...
    }
}
```

Name defined in path expression;
segment injected into method

Negotiating a response

➤ So what's in the response?

- Plain text?
- HTML?
- XML?
- JSON?

➤ The client needs to tell us

- Lists formats, weighted by preference

➤ We have to decide what we support

- Respond with best match

Producing explicitly

```
@Path("/timeline")  
public class TimelineService {
```

```
    @GET
```

```
    @Path("/{user}")
```

```
    @Produces("application/xml")
```

```
    public String getUpdatesXml(@PathParam("user") String u) {
```

```
        ...
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Specify which formats are supported using @Produces

Producing explicitly

```
@Path("/timeline")
public class TimelineService {

    @GET
    @Path("/{user}")
    @Produces("application/json")
    public String getUpdatesJson(@PathParam("user") String u) {
        ...
    }
}
```

Specify which formats are supported using @Produces

Simplifying response production

- **Creating XML and JSON is laborious :(**
- **JAX-RS supports converters**
 - HTTP entity body readers/writers
- **Better yet, built-in JAXB provider!**
 - Object ↔ XML
- **RESTEasy provides more built-ins**

A model with XML marshaling hints

```
@XmlElement(name = "updates")
public class Timeline implements Serializable {

    private List<Update> updates = new ArrayList<Update>();

    @XmlElement(name = "update")
    public List<Update> getUpdates() {
        return updates;
    }

    public void setUpdates(List<Update> updates) {
        this.updates = updates;
    }
}
```


A model with XML marshaling hints

```
@XmlElement(name = "update")
public class Update implements Serializable {

    private Long id;
    private User user;
    private Date created;
    private String text;

    // getters and setters

}
```

Turning production over to JAXB

```
@Path("/timeline")
public class TimelineService {

    @GET
    @Path("/{user}")
    @Produces("application/xml")
    public Timeline getUpdates(@PathParam("user") String u) {
        ...
    }
}
```

- ▶ **Fully certified JAX-RS implementation**
- ▶ **Portable to any container**
- ▶ **Embedded server for testing**
- ▶ **Client-side framework for JAX-RS**
- ▶ **Response caching and compression**
- ▶ **Rich set of providers**
 - XML, JSON, Atom, YAML, etc.
- ▶ **Asynchronous support**




What does Seam provide?

- ▶ **RESTEasy bootstrap and configuration**
- ▶ **Automatic resource/provider discovery**
- ▶ **Resource/provider as Seam component**
- ▶ **Seam security (role, rule and ACLs)**
- ▶ **HTTP authentication**
- ▶ **Exception to HTTP response mapping**
- ▶ **REST CRUD framework**
- ▶ **HTTP session control**
- ▶ **Facelets templates**

Typical JAX-RS setup

```
public abstract class Application {  
    public abstract Class<?> getClasses();  
    public abstract Object getSingletons();  
}  
  
public SocializeConfig extends Application {  
    ...  
}  
  
<context-param>  
    <param-name>javax.ws.rs.core.Application</param-name>  
    <param-value>com.socialize.SocializeConfig</param-value>  
</context-param>
```



REST as a Seam resource

<http://socialize.com/seam/resources/rest/timeline/mojavelinux>

Seam-infused REST

```
@Name("timelineService")
@Path("/timeline")
public class TimelineService {
    @In TimelineDao timelineDao;

    @GET
    @Path("/{user}")
    @Produces("application/xml")
    public Timeline getUpdates(@PathParam("user") String user) {
        return timelineDao.fetchAll(user);
    }
}
```

Trapping exceptions

```
<exception class="com.socialize.NoSuchUserException">  
  <http-error error-code="404">  
    <message>No such user</message>  
  </http-error>  
</exception>
```


REST in a few fragments

```
<framework:entity-home name="userHome"  
  entity-class="com.socialize.model.User"/>
```

```
<resteasy:resource-home name="userResourceHome"  
  path="/users"  
  entity-home="# {userHome}"  
  entity-id-class="java.lang.Long"  
  media-types="application/xml application/json"  
  readonly="false"/>
```

```
<resteasy:resource-query name="userResourceQuery"  
  path="/users"  
  entity-class="com.socialize.model.User"  
  media-types="application/xml application/json"/>
```



Socialize demo



Summary and call to action



REST is why the web works

- Addressable resources
- Uniformed-interface
- Representation-oriented
- Stateless communication



Expose your data in a standard way

- Don't ball it up inside web pages!

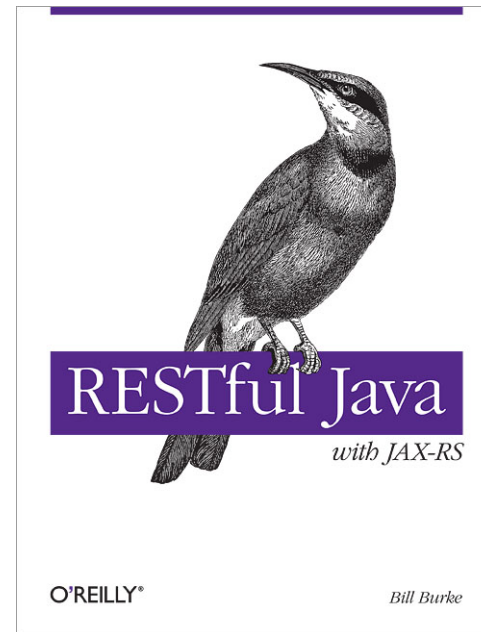


Embrace simplicity → Seam+RESTEasy

Must reads



RESTful Web Services
Richardson & Ruby
O'Reilly



RESTful Java with JAX-RS
Bill Burke
O'Reilly



GET /questions? HTTP/1.1

Presentation resources

JSR-311

- <http://jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=311>

RESTEasy

- <http://jboss.org/resteasy>

Seam RESTEasy integration

- Web Services chapter of Seam reference guide

Bill Burke's REST series on DZone

- <http://java.dzone.com/articles/putting-java-rest>

Code samples

- <http://seam.inaction.googlecode.com/svn/demos>